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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/074,595	02/11/2002	Judith A. Kelleher	005699-514	5929

7590                    02/12/2003  
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EXAMINER
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SPIVACK, PHYLLIS G

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1614

DATE MAILED: 02/12/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Office Action Summary

Application No. •10/074,595	Applicant(s) Kelleher et al.
Examiner Phyllis G. Spivack	Art Unit 1614

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

1)  Responsive to communication(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_.

2a)  This action is FINAL. 2b)  This action is non-final.

3)  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.

4)  Claim(s) 45-48, 50-52, and 54-61 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above, claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5)  Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.

6)  Claim(s) 45-48, 50-52, and 54-61 is/are rejected.

7)  Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.

8)  Claims \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

9)  The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10)  The drawing(s) filed on Feb 11, 2002 is/are a)  accepted or b)  objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

11)  The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a)  approved b)  disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.

12)  The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

13)  Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a)  All b)  Some\* c)  None of:

- Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
- Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
- Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

14)  Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).

a)  The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.

15)  Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

### Attachment(s)

1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4)  Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_

2)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5)  Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

3)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_ 6)  Other: \_\_\_\_\_

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Applicants' Preliminary Amendments filed February 11, 2002, Paper Nos. 4 and 5, respectively, are acknowledged. Claims 1-44, 49 and 53 are canceled. Claims 45-48, 50-52 and 54-61 remain under consideration.

The undersigned Examiner supports the goal of the Office to advance prosecution as expeditiously as is reasonably possible. Cooperation is requested with respect to the timely submission of any references deemed pertinent to the present application along with Form PTO-1449.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 C FR 1.321© may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 C FR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 C FR 3.73(b).

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Claims 45-48, 50-52 and 54-61 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 44-46 of U.S. Patent No. 6,046,232. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of overlapping subject matter.

Claims 46-48, 51, 52 and 55-61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

There are many theories directed to the onset of diseases characterized by amyloid deposits in the brain. Although the deposition of amyloid  $\beta$ -peptide and a progressive loss of neurons may be associated with the development of Alzheimer's disease, there are no specific therapeutically effective regimens established in the prior art for the amelioration of causes of Alzheimer's disease. Further, there are no therapeutically effective regimens established in the prior art for the amelioration of causes of the autoimmune diseases systemic lupus or multiple sclerosis. Although the specification discloses the ability of certain  $\alpha$ -aryl-N-alkylnitrones to trap free radicals, to reduce neuronal injury, to reduce A $\beta$  peptide/ibotenate-induced learning deficit, to reduce cognitive deficits, to inhibit the association of ThT with synthetic A $\beta$  (1-42) and to reduce the CNS inflammatory deficit in acute EAE animals, there are many factors to be considered when determining whether or not sufficient evidence has been provided to support a

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determination that a disclosure does not satisfy enablement requirements and whether undue experimentation exists.

Factors to be considered in determining whether a disclosure would require undue experimentation include the quantity of experimentation necessary, the amount of direction or guidance presented, the presence or absence of working examples, the nature of the invention, the state of the prior art, the relative skill of those in the art, the predictability or unpredictability of the art and the breadth of the claims.

In the instant case the state of the art is highly unpredictable and unreliable with respect to conclusions drawn from laboratory data extrapolated to clinical efficacy. Accordingly, analysis of the criteria recited above would lead one skilled in the art to the reasonable conclusion that undue experimentation would be required to practice the claimed methods. Particularly in view of the absence of data to support the breadth of the claims specifically directed to disease states in which treatment modalities are presently severely limited and in which there is a high degree of unpredictability in the art, the instant specification is insufficient to support amelioration of a cause of Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, HIV dementia, systemic lupus and multiple sclerosis.

No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Phyllis Spivack at telephone number 703-308-4703.

February 6, 2003

*Phyllis Spivack*

PHYLLIS SPIVACK  
PATENT EXAMINER  
GROUP 1614